

Observing the Ocean and Earth with



SMART
CABLES

Observing the oceans and Earth with submarine cables, into the future



Bruce M. Howe

JTF SMART Cables Initiative
International Programme Office
University Hawai'i at Mānoa

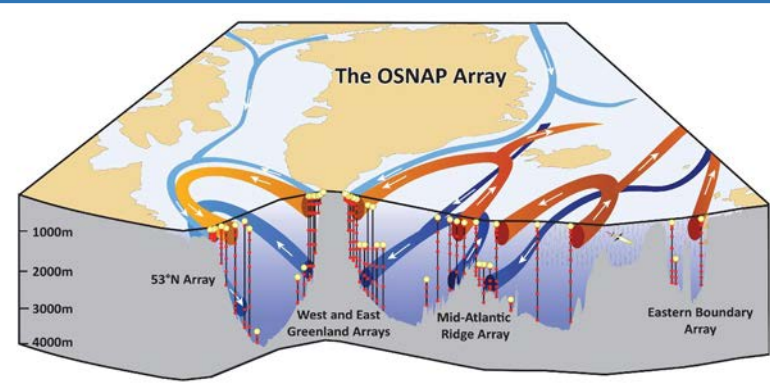
Underwater Technology Symposium
UT 2025

Taipei, Taiwan
2-5 March 2025

Scientific **M**onitoring **A**nd **R**eliable **T**elecommunications

United Nations initiative to bring together science with the telecom industry for Global Observation of the Oceans and Earth

Ocean general circulation – all scales



Ocean heat and circulation

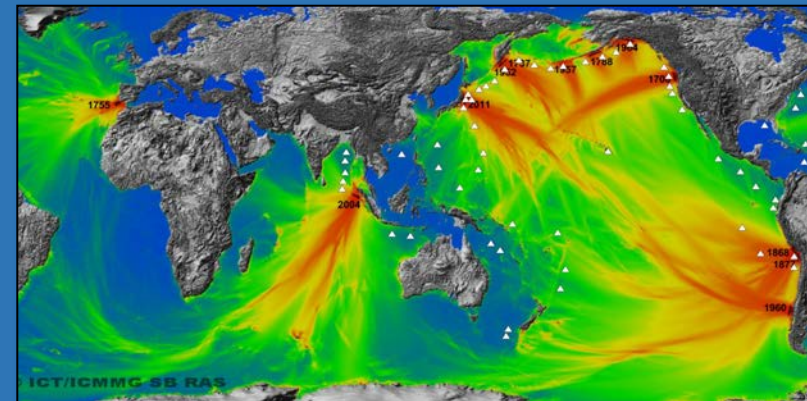


Climate
Change

Early
Warning

Sea
Level
Rise

Earthquakes and Tsunamis

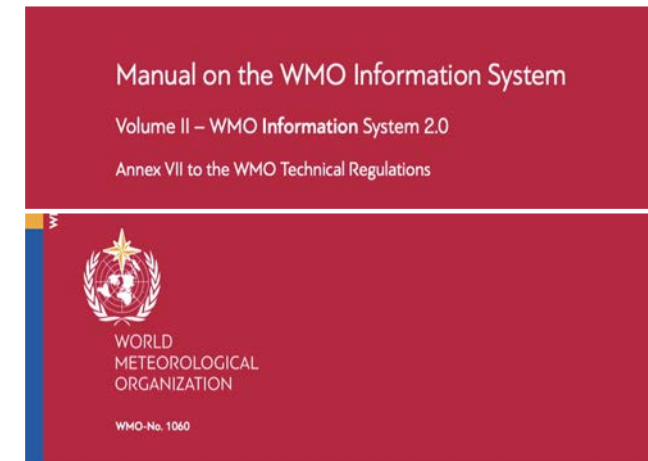
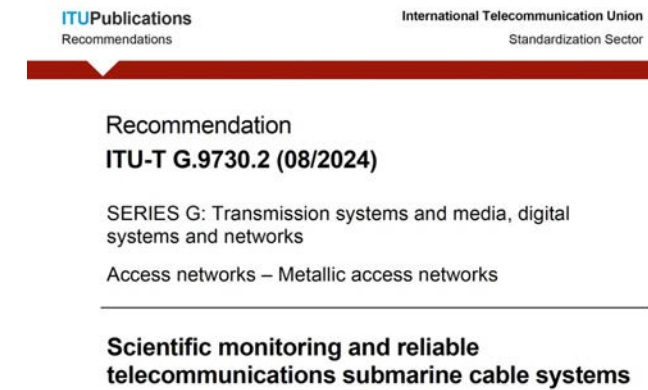
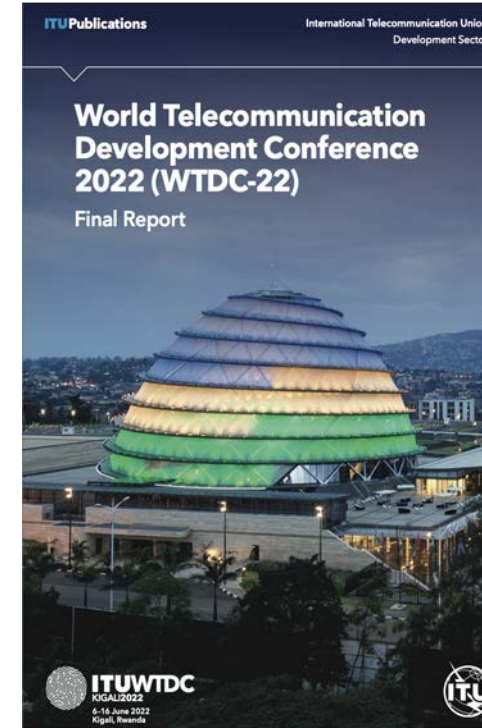


Disaster Mitigation





- JTF Secretariat
- Resolutions on climate change Disaster Risk Reduction (DDR) includes SMART
- Recommendations SG15/Q8 G.dsssc/9730.1 and G.SMART/9730.2
- Integrates SMART into WMO Information platform
- Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS)
- Tsunami Programme
- UN Ocean Decade: endorsed Project
- Emerging Observing Network of GOOS



Global Array for Climate, Oceans, Sea Level, Earthquakes, Tsunamis

1st order addition
to Ocean-Earth
observing system

A sustained planetary sensor, power, Internet network

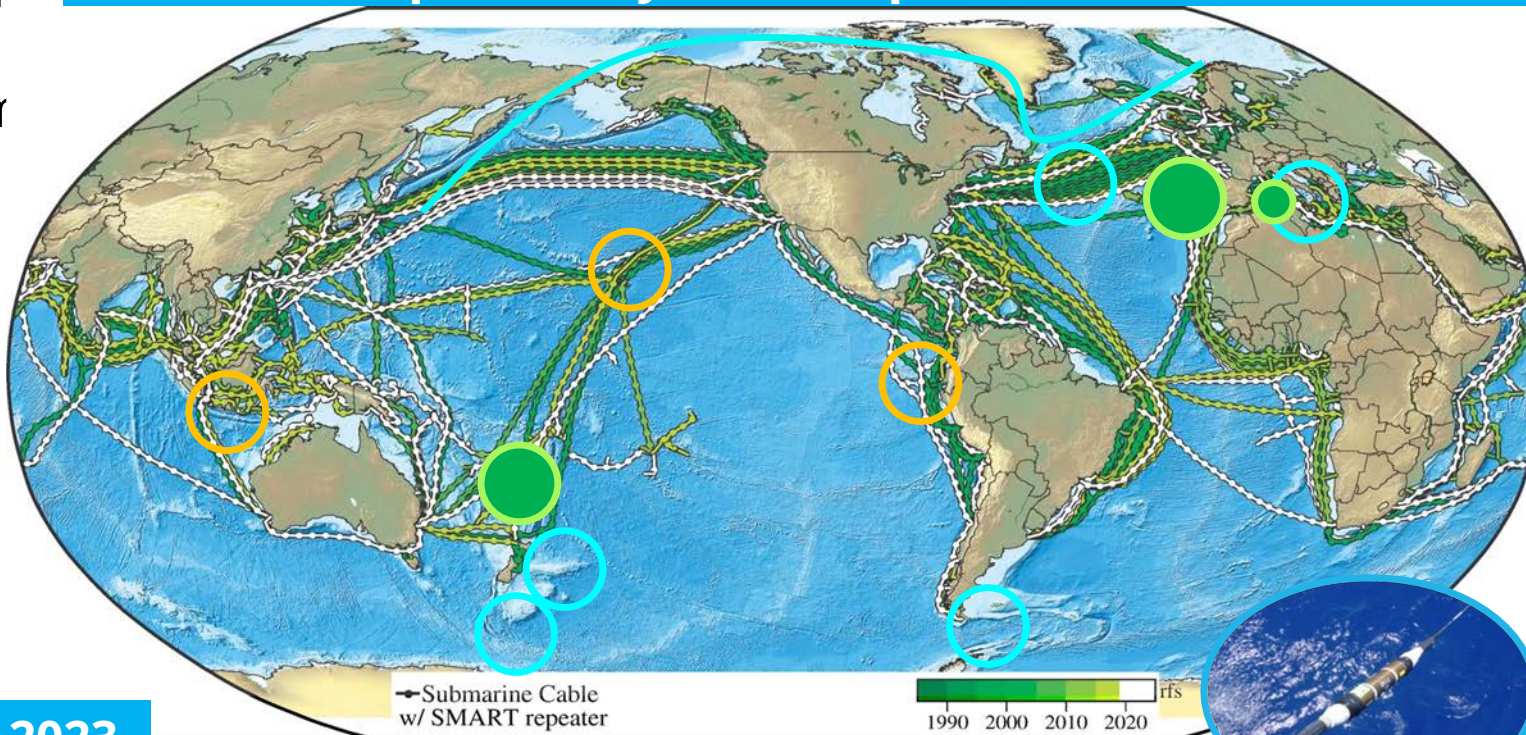
Share submarine
cable infrastructure
Telecom + science
↓ €\$



Emerging
Network



2021
2030 United Nations Decade
of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development



NO Interference

1.4+ GM
~20,000 repeaters
20 year refresh

Every ~100 km

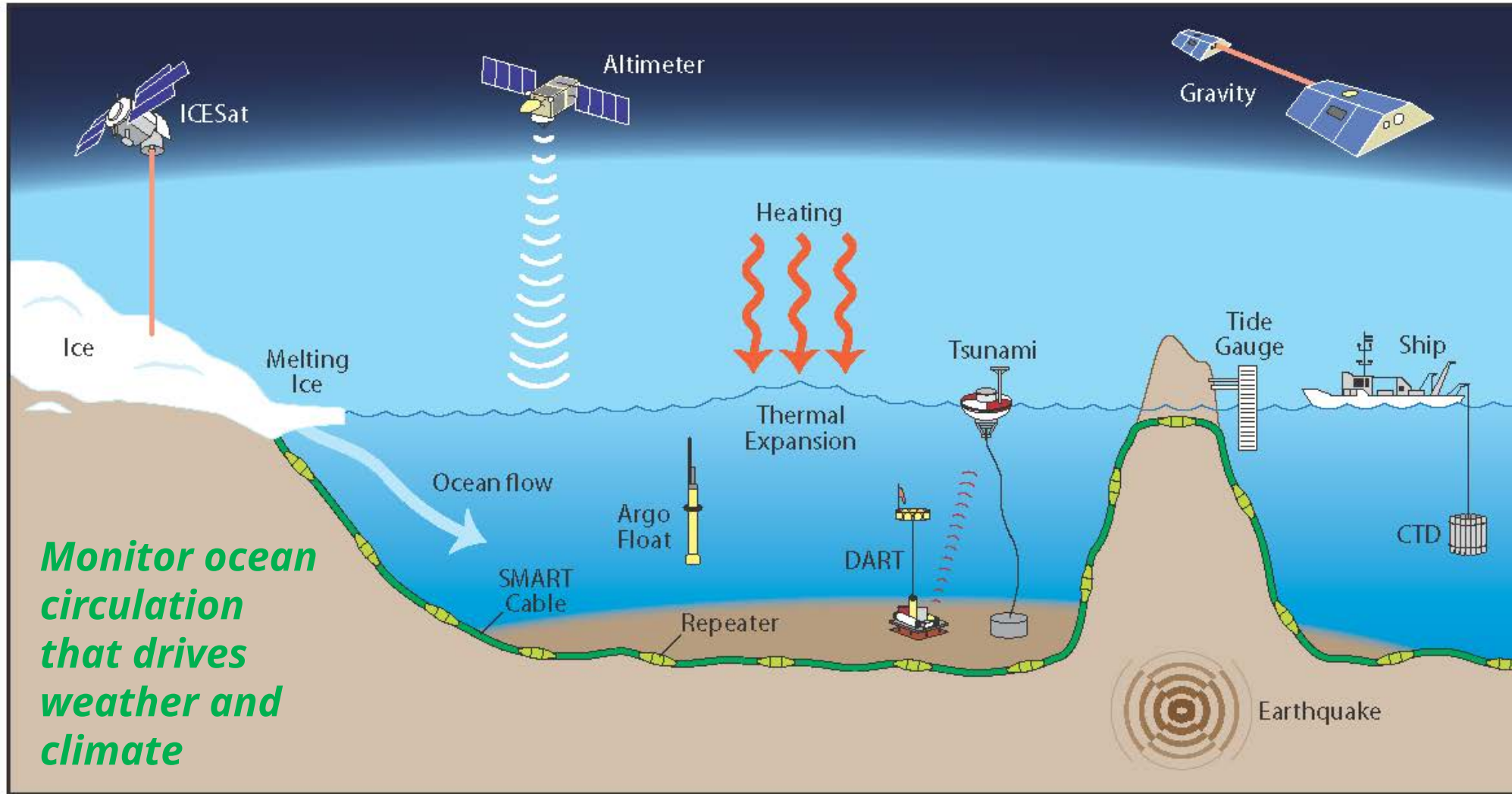
InSEA Wet Demo 2023

**SMART Atlantic CAM
and Tamtam V-NC
Funded, install 2026**

**Know the environment
protect the network**

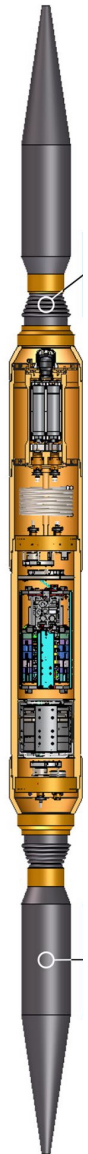
Bottom temperature, pressure,
seismic motion





SMART Cables measure the bottom boundary condition
Essential Ocean Variables: Temperature, Pressure; Seismic motion + ...

Shared Cable Infrastructure: Telecom + Science



Existing Technology

S-net



Sensor module
INGV InSEA SMART Wet Demo

Leverage Existing Technology

Guralp + Global Marine

Sensors:

- Temperature
- Pressure
- Seismic

Key point:

- Essential Ocean Variables

SMART Repeater Sensor System



3-Axis Omni-Tilt Seismic Sensor

- Low-noise intermediate band switchable seismometer
- Silicon Audio 205 (acceleration); 215 (velocity)
- 0.01 to 500 Hz bandwidth
- Best in class noise performance
- 183 dB dynamic range (high+low gain digitization)
- 30 mm diameter x 35 mm length (each sensing element)



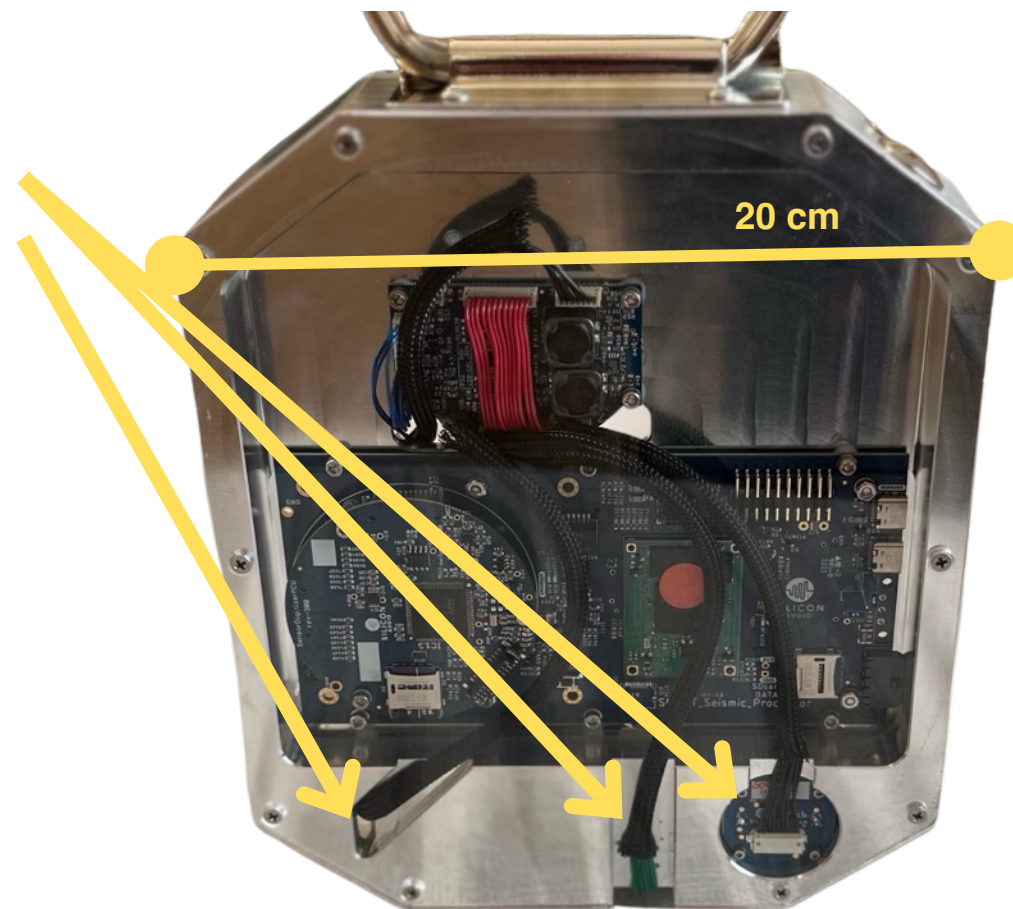
Temperature Sensor (external)

- Glass Coated Thermistor (GCT)
- Sea-Bird SBE 03S
- $\pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}$ accuracy
- Maintains calibration over time
- 49 mm diameter x 256 mm length



Pressure Sensor (external)

- Absolute Pressure Gauge (APG)
- Paroscientific 4*K-101-0
- 1 part in 10^7 resolution
- Few parts in 10^6 accuracy; mainly limited by drift
- Signals of interest between 0.001 and 1 Hz
- 35 mm diameter x 108 mm length



SMART electronics / seismic sensor in ~20cm / 8in radius cylinder

Climate Change solution (SMART* technology)



ASN, the key partner for
undersea data acquisition
With scientific sensors

**Commercially
available**

Sensors:

- **Nanometrics - OBS + Accel**
- **RBR – A-0-A pressure, temperature**

Key applications

Risk monitoring

- ⌘ Earthquake detection
- ⌘ Tracking of tsunami wave
- ⌘ Tsunami warning

Scientific observation

- ⌘ Sea bottom movements
- ⌘ Sea level rise
- ⌘ Slow drift of sea bottom temperatures
- ⌘ Sea water currents by temperature & pressure combination

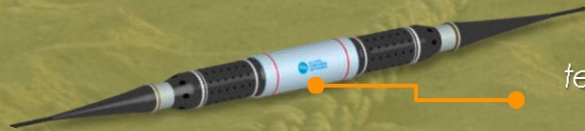
Separate modules:

- + **Variable spacing**
- + **More flexible sensors**
- - **↑\$ /unit**

ASN solution based on CC-Nodes

New generation of submarine networks integrating sensors for
Climate Change observation
dual use (telecom + CC) & dedicated CC systems

CC-NODE



temperature | accelerometer
pressure | specific sensors

ASN, part of the Ocean Decade
"Science we need for the ocean we want"



**2021
2030** United Nations Decade
of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development



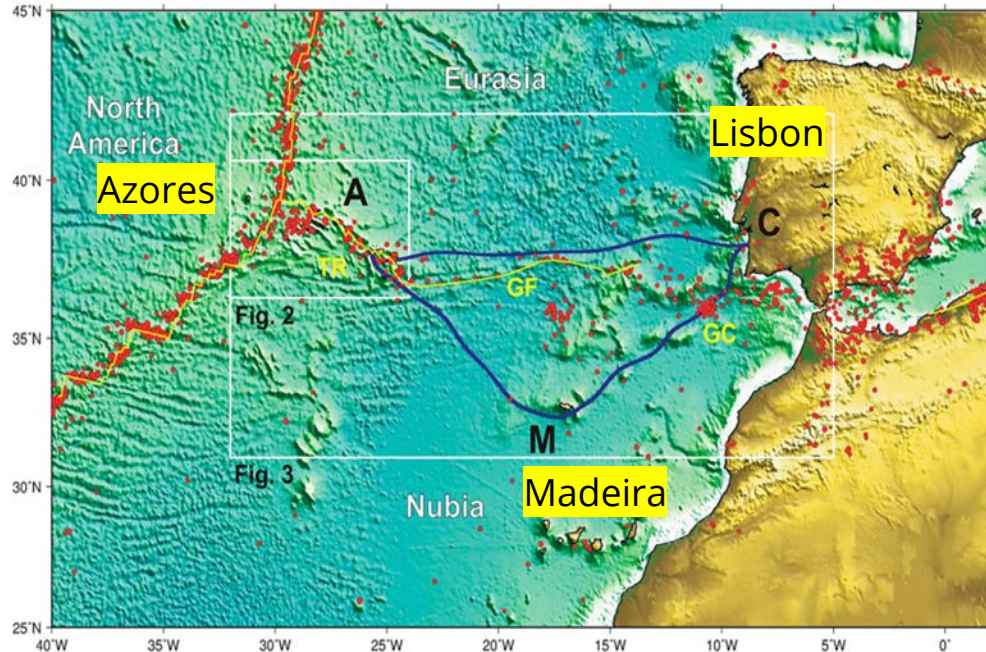
First SMART projects planned for 2025 / 2026

- ⌘ South Pacific
- ⌘ Atlantic
- ⌘ Asia

* Scientific Monitoring And Reliable Telecommunications



Portugal SMART Atlantic CAM



- 3700 km, ~20 SMART modules
- Gov't €154M. EU support €56M
- SMART 15% → €22M ~ €2/citizen/25 y
- ~ 2 Tsunami buoys, 25 year (unreliable, no seismic, not real time)

Optical Fiber Sensing in both

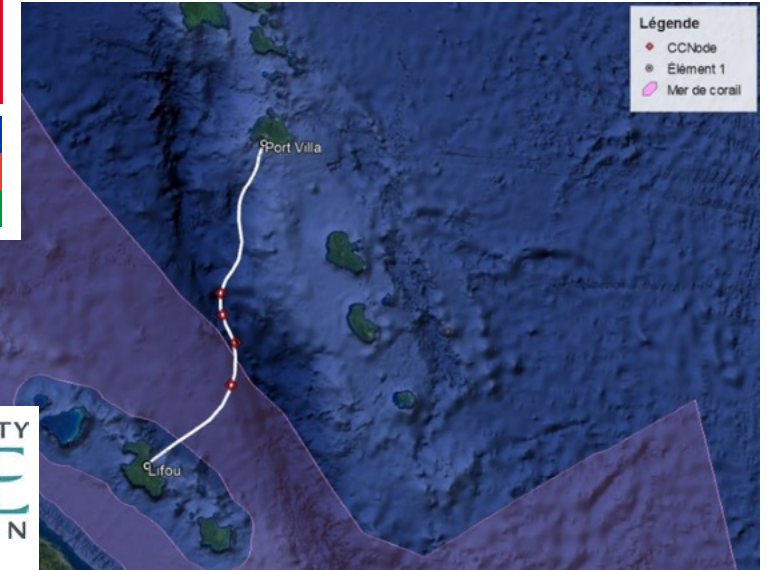
TAMTAM SMART Cable System



Contracts
signed
ASN
RFS 2026



GORDON AND BETTY
MOORE
FOUNDATION



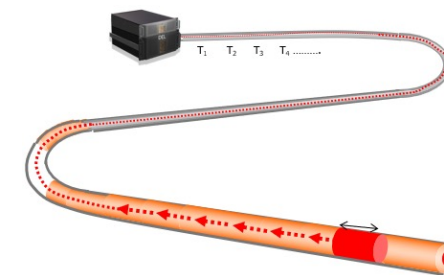
- 450 km long, 4 SMART modules
- France funding SMART (telecom: AFD, ADB)

- 25+ year life, reliable, low lifetime cost
- Leverage \$5B/y industry, 175 y

Complementary not Competition

- SMART sensors and data types operational
- OFS science sensing and data in research state
- Measurement characteristics can differ in complementary ways
- SMART sensors can calibrate fiber sensing observations
- Each can validate unexpected observations
- Expectation that a combination will contribute to the protection of the cable itself as well as other cables in the vicinity

OFS – fiber strain at various time and space resolutions – 1-D ~acoustics

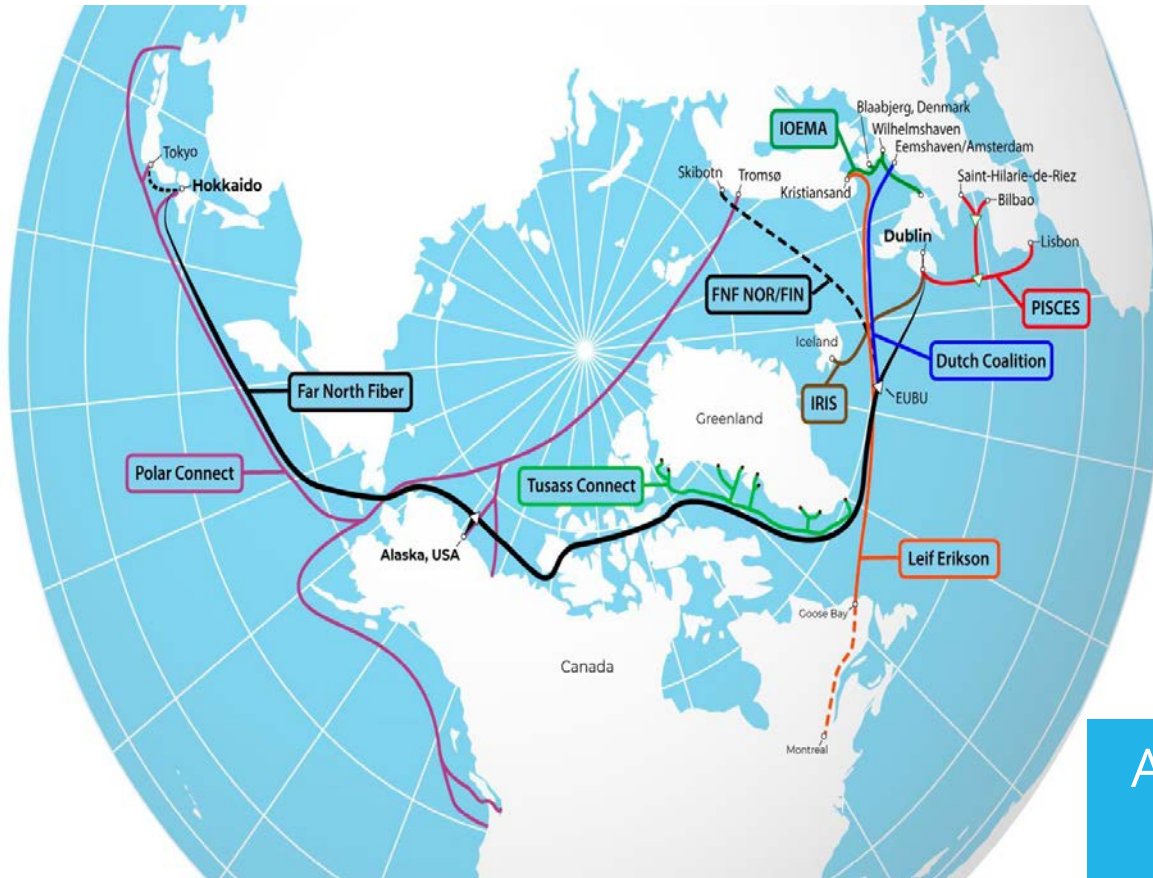


CAM and Tamtam:

Ideal for investigating capabilities and complementarity

Note: Ocean Sound is a
GOOS Essential Ocean Variable

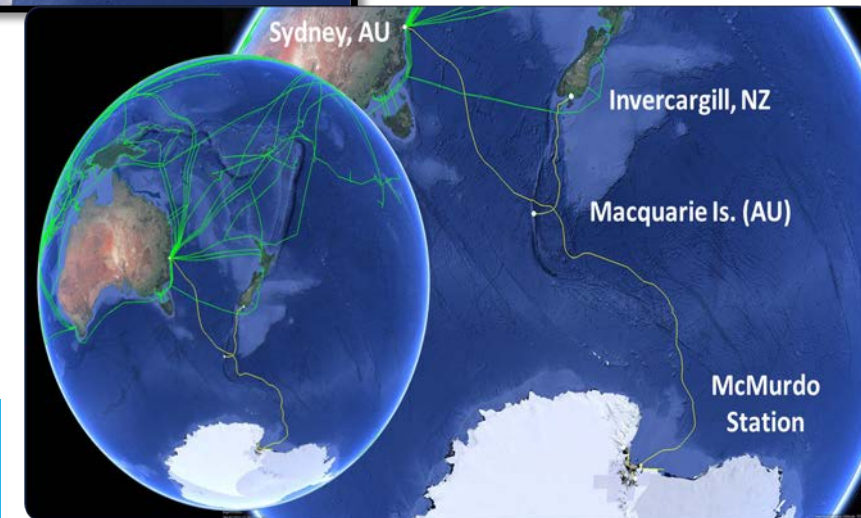
Polar Connect, Far North Fiber, Tussas, PISCES, IRIS, IOMEA, +



AUS/NZ Antarctica
NSF McMurdo



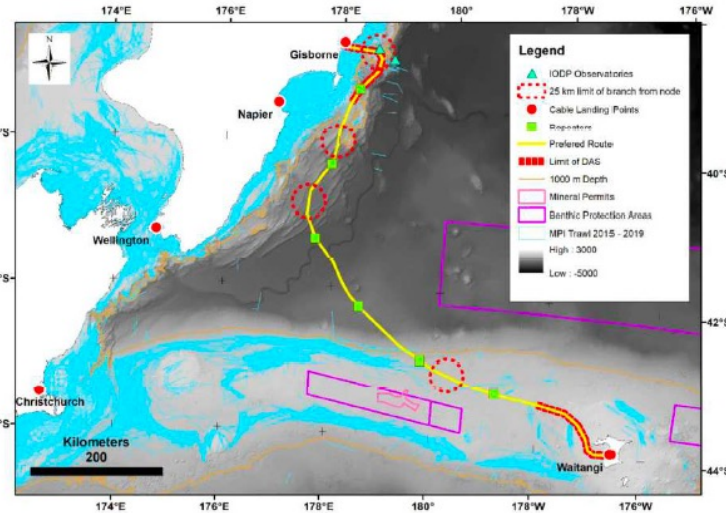
Antarctica Chile
Drake Passage



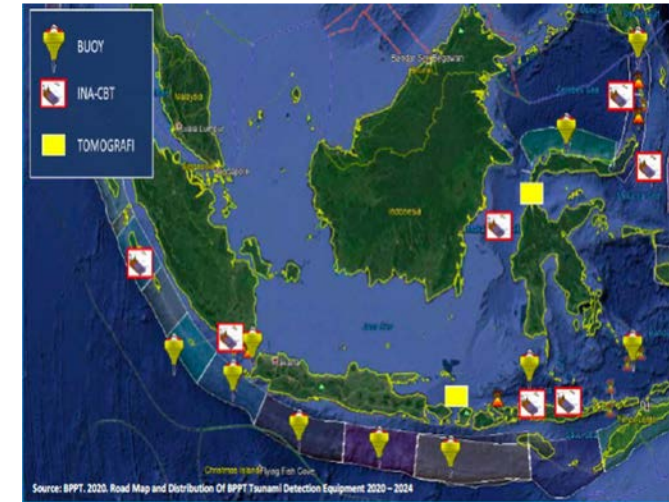
Galapagos



NZ - Chathams



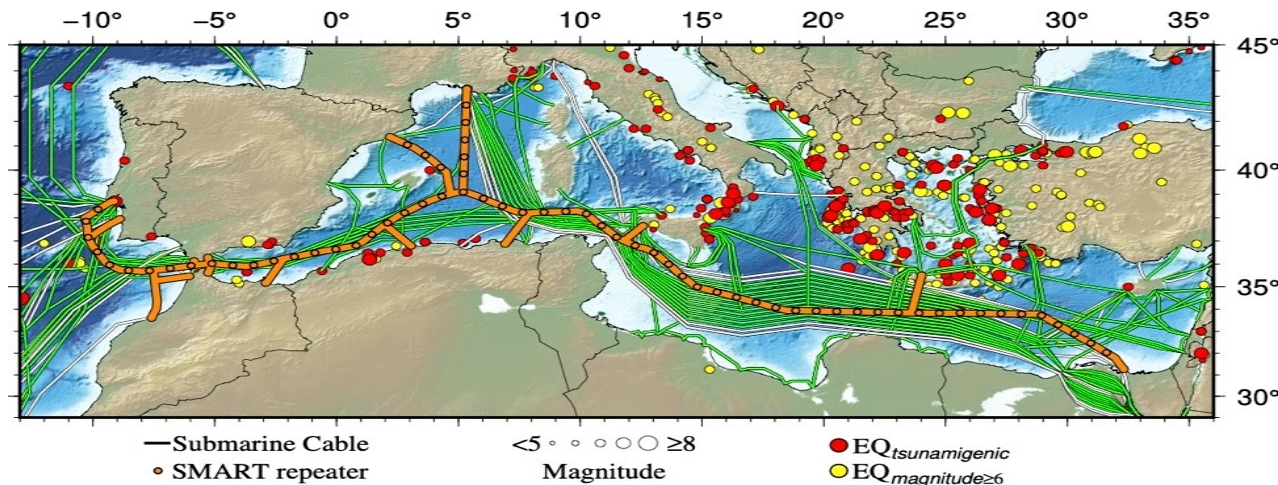
Indonesia



50 km, 2
module test
system
installed off
Labuan Bajo

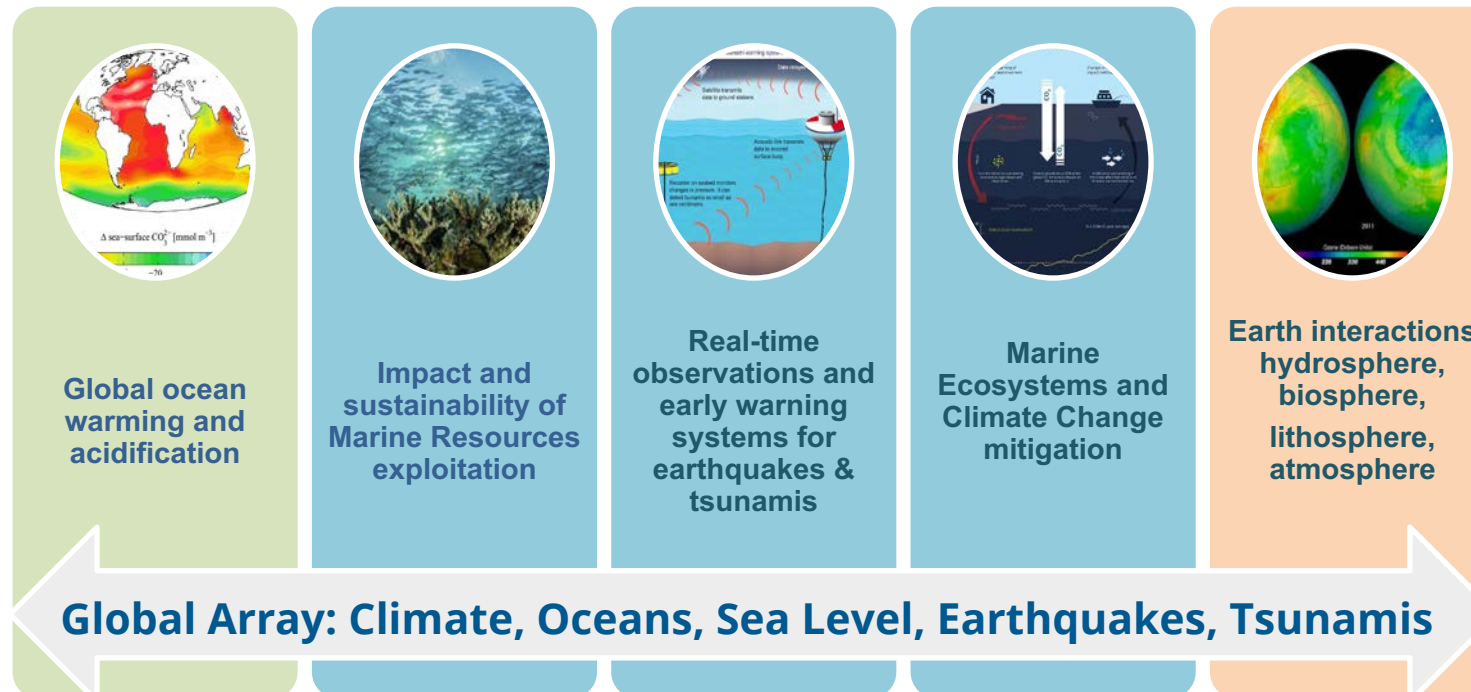
Medusa

BARRACUDA



MISTS

- Enhance **Ocean Global monitoring** – integrate sensors into submarine telecommunications cables
- Establish a robust **SMART Cable network** – full integration into **GOOS**
- **Connect complex processes** – sub-seafloor – seafloor – water column
- Improve **Tsunami and Earthquake** detection and **early warning systems**
- **Catalyze technology innovation and development** – science + telecom + industry
- Contribute to **Earth dynamic systems** – global change, ocean acidification, geological hazards, +



Global Array: Climate, Oceans, Sea Level, Earthquakes, Tsunamis



- Marriage of science with telecom
- One part of the global environmental monitoring system
- Greater understanding of our planet - undeniable humanitarian benefits
- Leverage annual investment of ~ \$ 5 B/y, and ~1.4 M km cable investment by 2037
- Challenges remain – first systems setting positive precedents

Change gears

Into the future

SMART → SMART+

Essential Deep Ocean Infrastructure

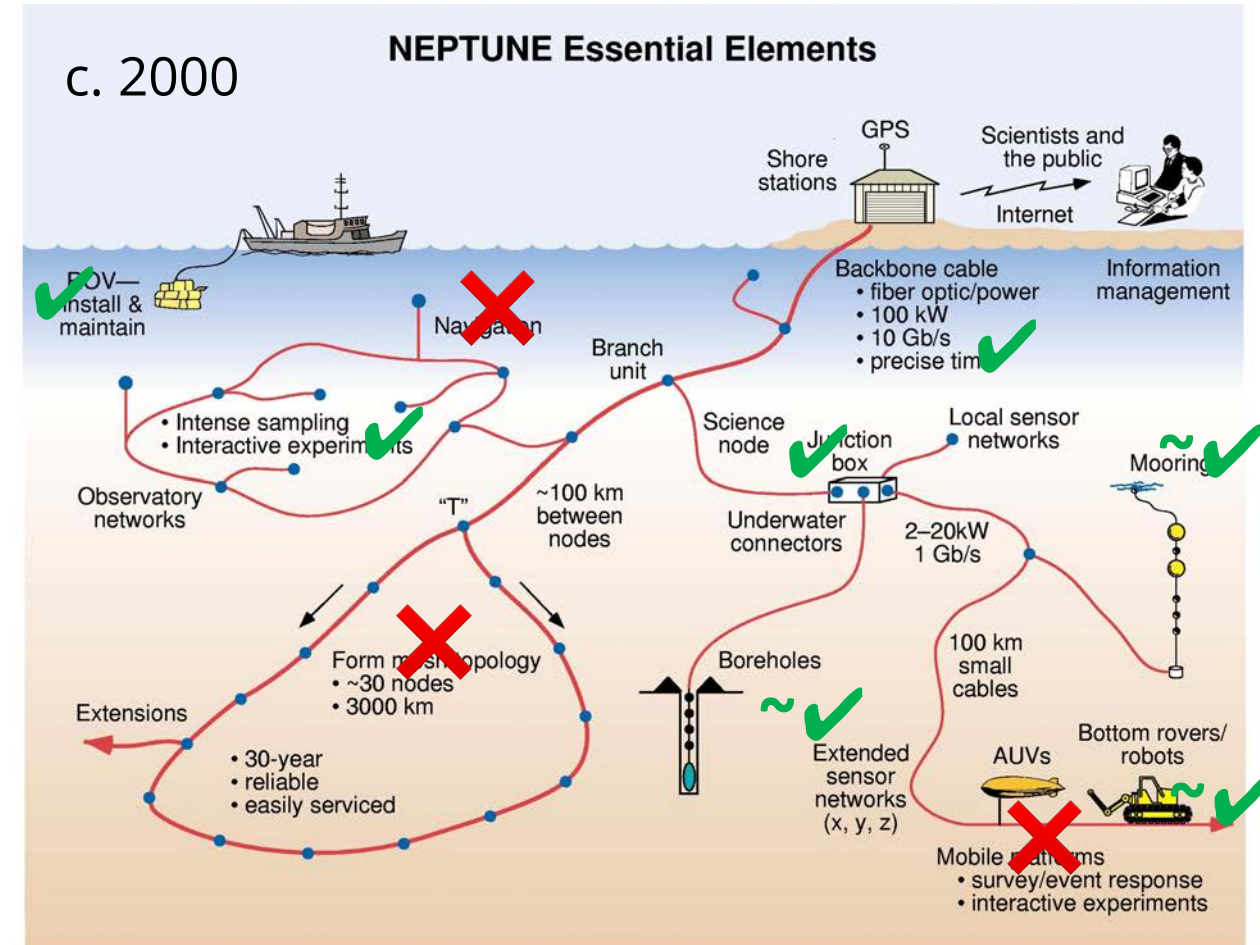
?90% ocean observing cost is infrastructure

Infrastructure Services

- POWER
- EVERYTHING depends on POWER –
- POWER enables all:
 - Communications
 - PNT – position, navigation, timing
 - + Sensing, mobility, ...

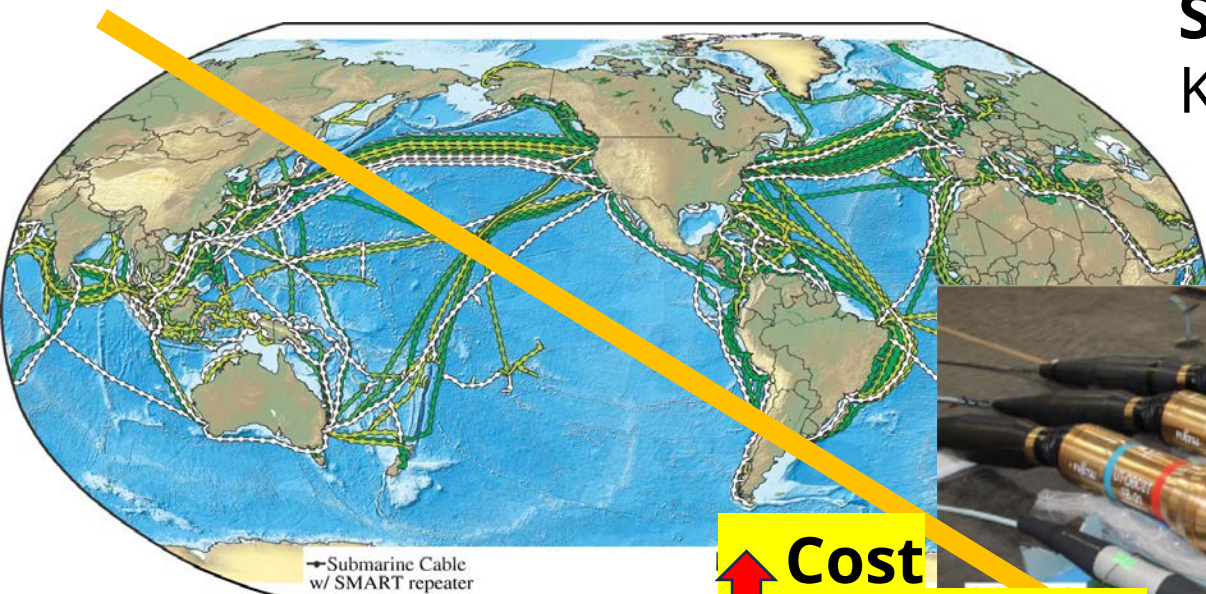
Infrastructure elements

- Cables
- Fixed platforms
 - bottom packages, moorings
- Mobile platforms – + spatial footprint
 - AUVs, crawlers, ...



Cable sine qua non for everything else – share with telecom - affordable

Deep ocean essential infrastructure elements - cables



SMART Cables

KISS, a few sensors, global coverage
now with optical fiber sensing



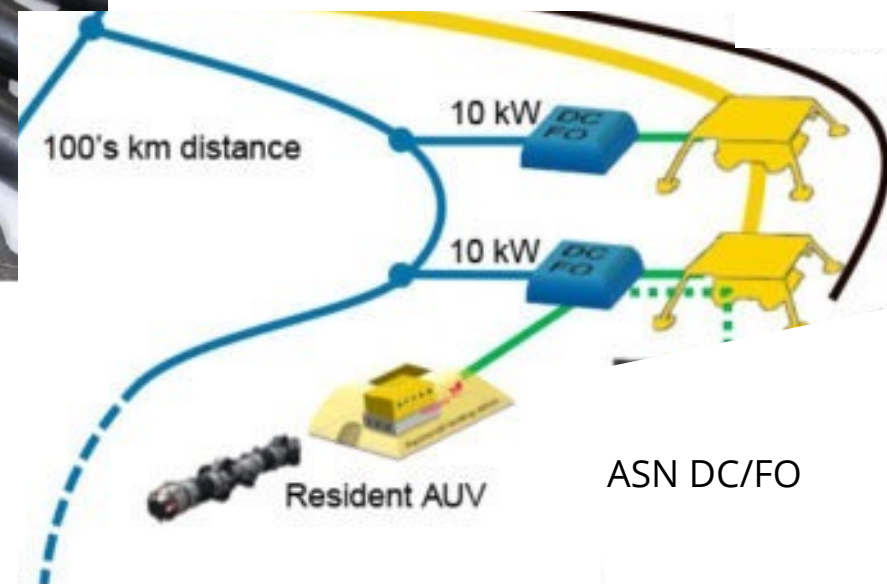
Cost
Complexity
fewer

+ fixed and mobile
platforms

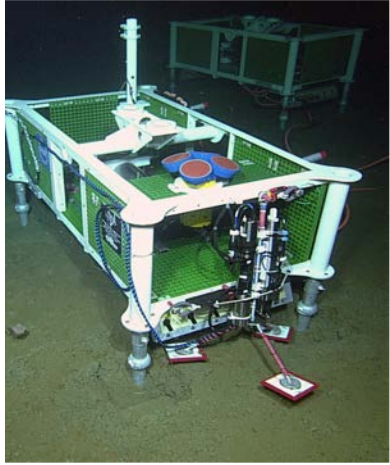
Shinohara, 2021

Multi-port node with power comms
Telecom rated
Support AUV docks, Moorings, other

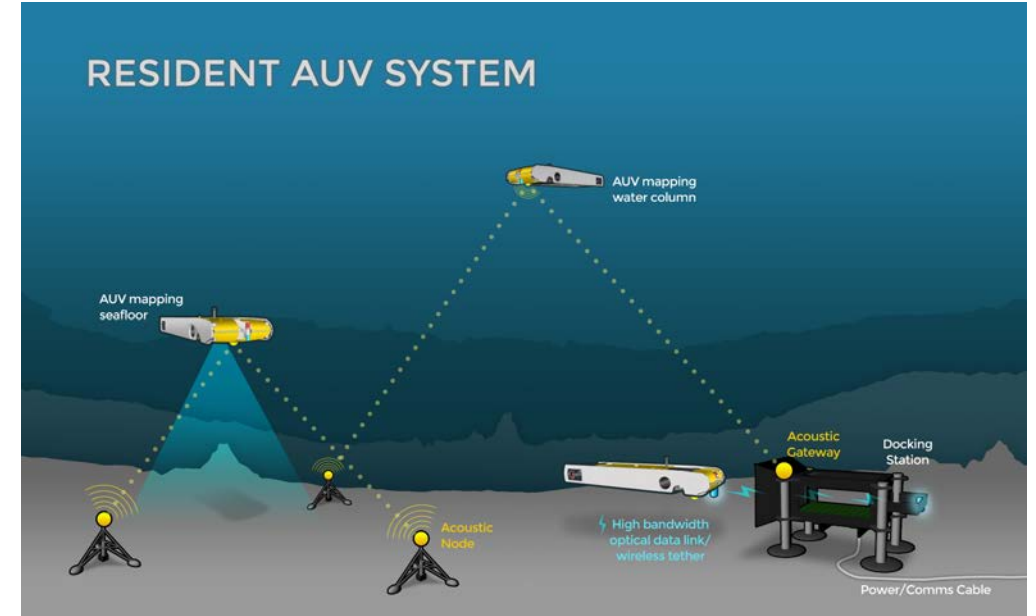
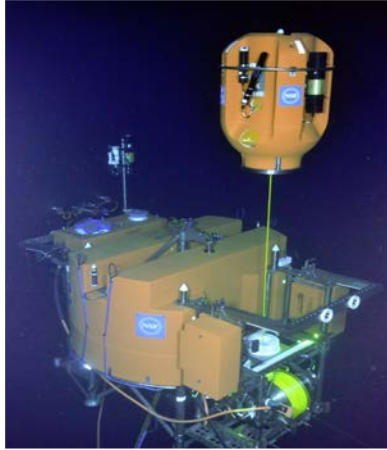
Test system, Japan
Single port, PoE



Cabled Instrumentation and Resident AUVs



NSF OOI Regional Cabled Array



Courtesy D. Manalang, APL-UW

Bottom packages, upper ocean profilers, deep moored profilers, Resident AUVs →
All one-offs – **bespoke, NEED STANDARDS**



Cost, reliability, ease of use

New UW connector will help
Niobium, Nb, Passivates, 80 V max , 10 A now
niobiConn™ Wet-Mate Electrical Connector

Pressure tolerant electronics?

Persistent Mobile Ocean Observing: Marine Vehicle Highways

Dana Manalang¹, William Wilcock¹, Kendra Daly²

¹University of Washington, ²University of South Florida

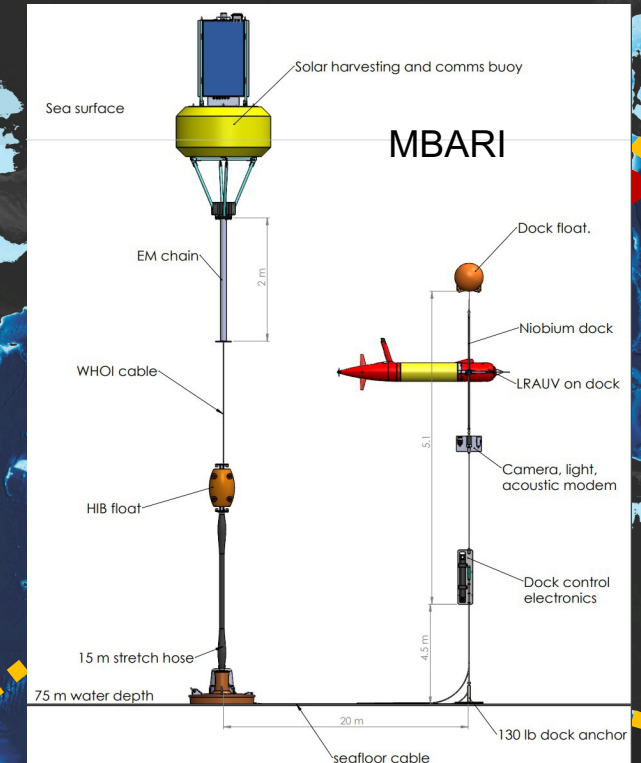
*The National
Academies of*

SCIENCES
ENGINEERING
MEDICINE

Marine Vehicle Highways (MVH):

- Global infrastructure for Ocean and Planetary Health Monitoring
- fleet of marine vehicles with standard interface
- **Expand the spatial footprint**
- ✓ Exponential decrease in cost per measurement
- ✓ Exponential increase in AUV operations
- ✓ Testable on smaller scales

Docking still in infancy
Needs standards
Include mid-ocean a la EV charging stations
On telecom cables



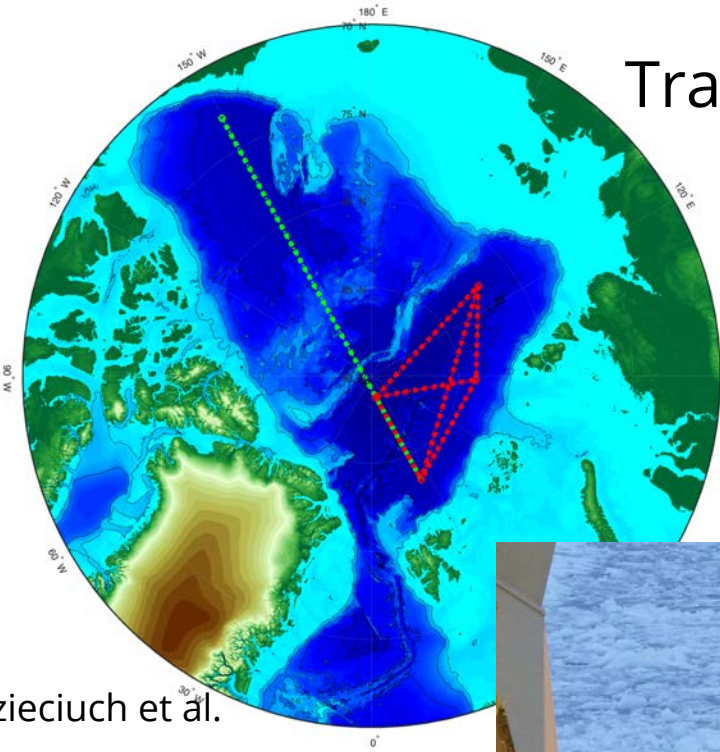
stations

● Vehicle maintenance site

25 docking developments around the world – all different

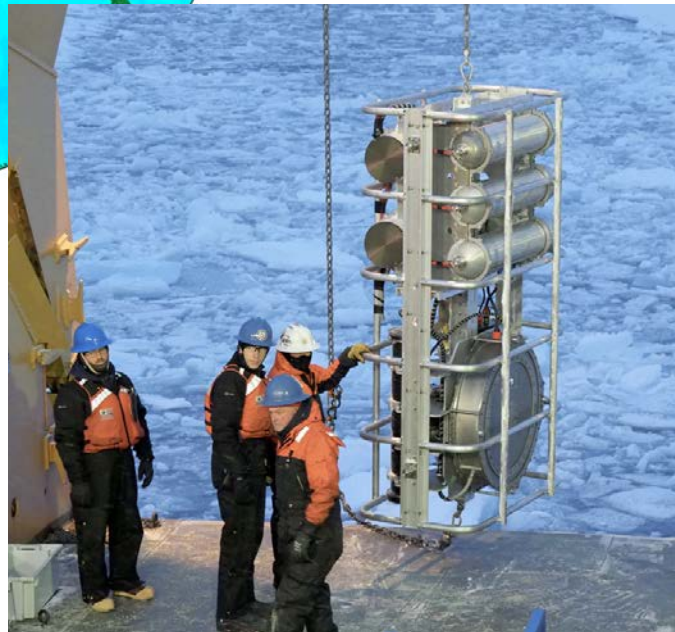
A review of underwater docking and charging technology for autonomous vehicles, Jixin Liu et al., 2024

Acoustic tomography and navigation



Trans-Arctic

Ocean
Temperature
at the speed
of sound

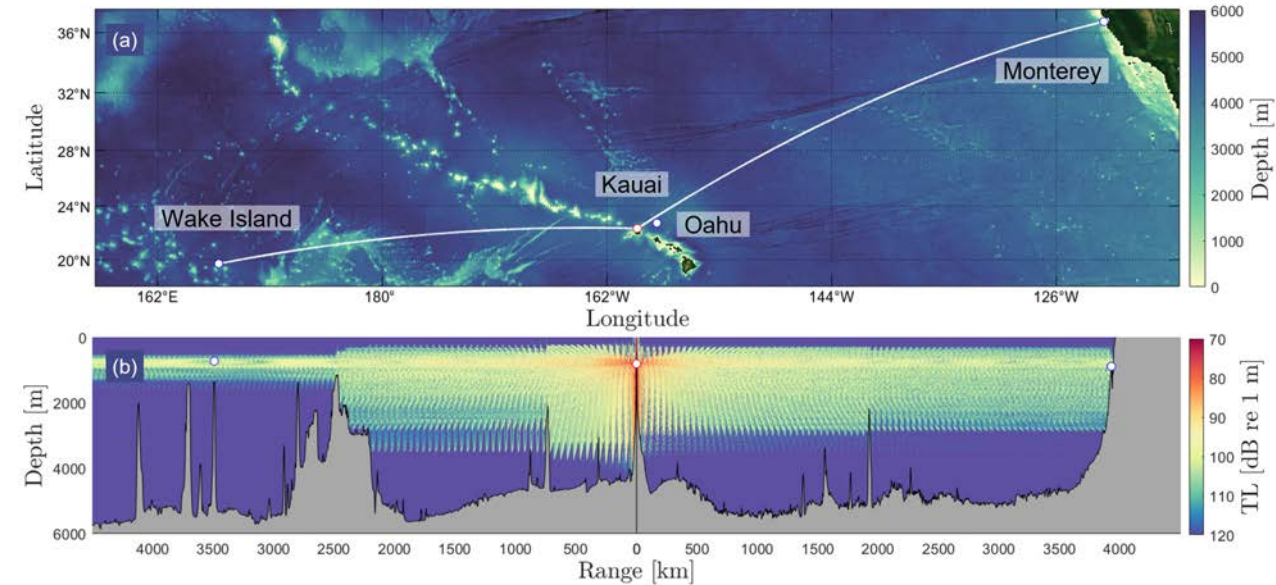


Need deep
cabled ocean
mooring



Hydrophones on
Mermaids/EarthScope Oceans and
Seatrec infiniTE™ Float
ASN – integrating acoustic modems

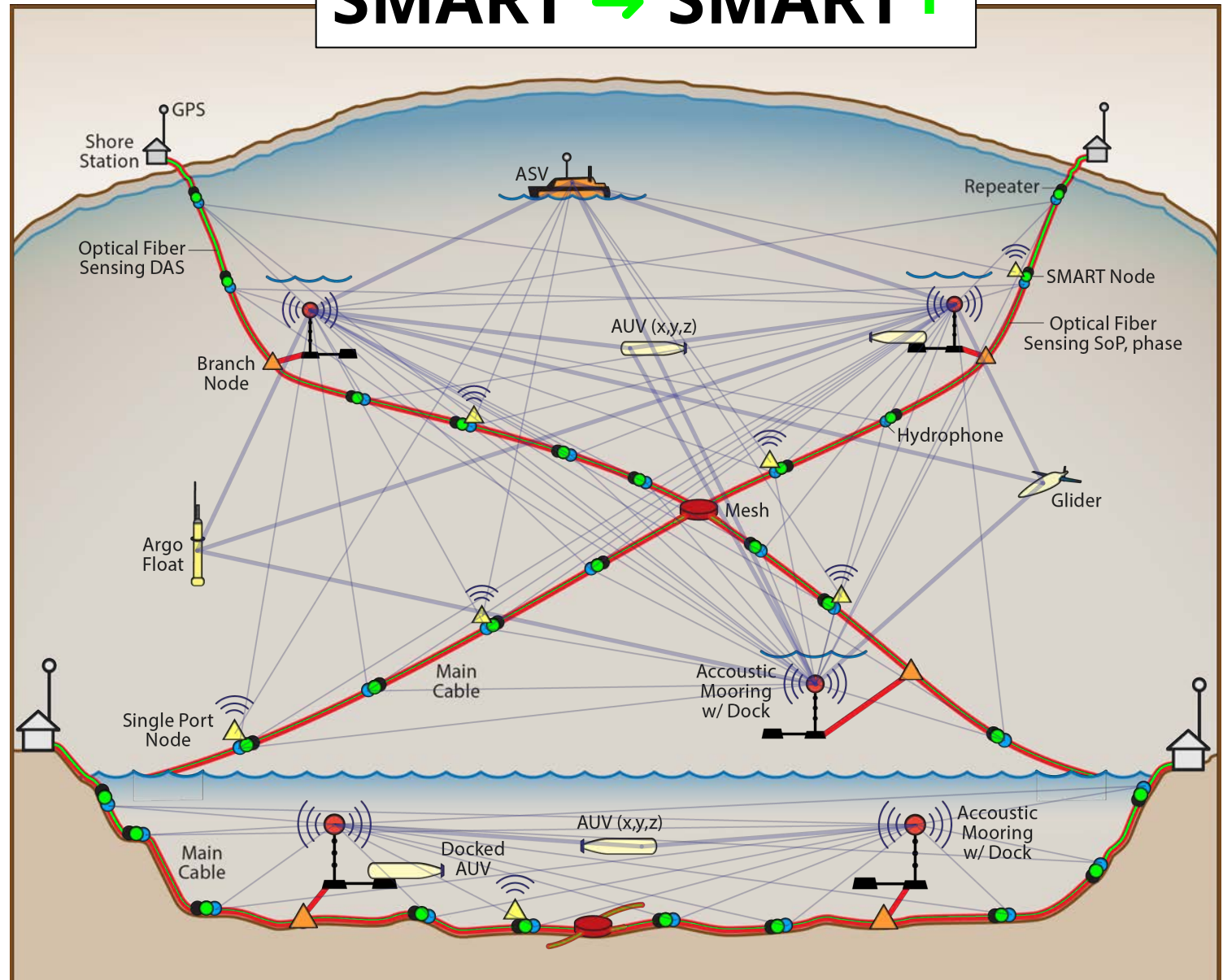
North Pacific



- Kauai Beacon, ONR
- Transmitting regular 2% duty cycle
- RX on OOI, MARS, CTBT/Wake, ACO
- Gemba et al. NPS, UW, UH, ...

1. Start with telecom network – 1.5 Gm, 20,000 repeaters, every ~70 km
2. In existing and new systems, SMART optical fiber sensing (DAS, SoP, phase)
3. In new systems, SMART nodes: temperature, pressure, seismic motion
4. Include hydrophones – Passive Acoustic Monitoring, soundscapes
5. Single ports at select nodes – acoustic modem, more basic sensors
6. Branch nodes: AUV docking, acoustic moorings, instrument arrays
7. Mesh SMART subsea power grid
8. Add mobile platforms with sensors
9. Acoustics – tomography, sound speed, temperature, heat content
10. Acoustics – long range nav + comms for autonomous platforms

SMART → SMART+



SMART: telecom + environmental sensing

Cable network protection and resilience

- Much in the news of late – cable breaks and cuts
- Submarine telecom cables are critical infrastructure
- Require protection and network resilience
- **European Commission Joint Communication:**
 - *Stepping up security requirements and risk assessments on submarine cables, while prioritising funding for the deployment of new and smart cables ...*
21 Feb 2025
- **ITU + IPCP - International Advisory Body for Submarine Cable Resilience**
 - *... innovative technologies and solutions that can mitigate the risks of damage to and enhance the resilience ...* 27 Feb 2025
- Cables can no longer be “deaf, dumb, and blind”
- Need sensing – cable and environment – SMART and SMART+

- SMART – early systems underway setting valuable precedents
- Prepare for Antarctica cables, Trans-Arctic, N Atlantic, Med, SAm, ...
- Deep ocean – unknown, essential for science
- Need network services: power, comms, PNT, ..., “future proof”
- Need network elements: AUVs, cable connected docking, moorings, acoustics
- DONET, Snet, Nnet, NEPTUNE, OOI led to many developments, follow through
- Incentivize industry, capacity building, sustainable Blue Economy
- Many challenges to address: finance, legal, regulatory, security
- **Much to do!**



SMART CABLES



GORDON AND BETTY
MOORE
FOUNDATION



SMARTCables.org

[ITU/WMO/UNESCO-IOC Joint Task Force](#)



Scan to Join!

Danke Gracias ありがとう 谢谢 **Xièxiè** Arigatō Thank you Dhanyavaad
Merci Tankyu tumas Terima kasih Takk Grazie Mālō 'aupito Kop koon
Salamat po S' efharistó